Finding Needles in Haystacks (the size of countries)

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Acknowledgements

- David Turnbull @dsturnbull
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- Packetpig Committers





Exhibit A

- CVE-2011-3192 "Apache Killer"
- auxiliary/dos/http/apache_range_dos 2011-08-19 normal Apache Range header DoS (Apache Killer)
- Snort 1:19825
- \bigcirc /Range\s*\x3A\s*bytes=([\d\x2D]+\x2C){50}/Hsmi
- $^{\circ}$ /Range\s*\x3A\s*bytes=([\d\x2D]+[\x2C\s]*){50}/ Hsmi





NSM - "focused on providing an intrusion analyst with the best possible information in the shortest amount of time" - NSMWiki

Network Security Monitoring

- Advocates focus on detection and that prevention will fail.
- Believes in inventoried and defensible networks.
- Build entropy from alert (attack) information.
- Provide analysts with accurate information as fast as possible.





Network Security Monitoring

- Squil
- Argus
- Flowgrep
- Snort and Suricata
- Bro
- Network Miner
- Netwitness



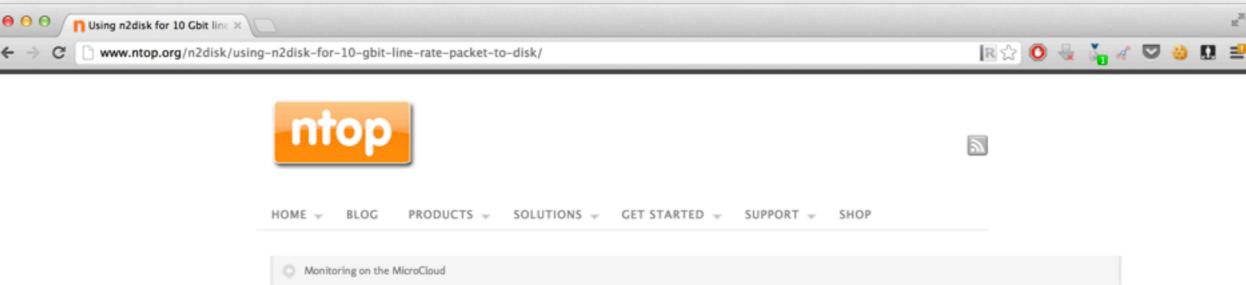
Context

- Enriched information, not just IP Addresses.
- Additional intelligence on attackers.
- Allow you to perform detective work
- What if? Branch analysis and exploring data.
- Providing full fidelity and full context quickly.

Full Packet Capture

- Complete record of all network data.
- Provides the highest fidelity to analysts.
- Only way to really understand subtle, targeted attacks.
- Play, pause and rewind your network.
- No need to have a specific logging setup.

NSM+FPC > % OPTIONS



Using n2disk for 10 Gbit line-rate packet-to-disk

on OCTOBER 14, 2012

Packet-to-disk is the ability to dump network packets to disk. This activity is important for implementing a sort of "network time machine" so that when something unexpected happens, you have the ability to access the raw packets and thus inspect the cause of the problems. Implementing efficient packet-to-disk requires high-speed packet capture, speedy disks, and efficient packet dump software.

We started to work on this field, a few years ago when creating a packet-to-disk application for 1 Gbit networks, named n2disk. Today we are introducing the second generation of n2disk that has been further optimised for 10 Gbit networks. Leveraging on PF_RING DNA, n2disk can dump packets on disk using the industry-standard pcap format at 10 Gbit line rate, minimal size packets. All you need to have is a fast storage system and an adequate system to run n2disk on. As you can read on the n2disk home page, we have the ability to:

- Filter packets during capture using BPF-like filters.
- Dump packets with nano-second timestamps (precise timestamping card required such as Silicom 10G timestamp adapter).
- Index packets on the fly, during packet capture, for fast packet retrieval.
- Search disk-stored packets within a specified time-boundary, using BPF-like filters leveraging on the n2disk packet search companion tools.

Unlike costly proprietary packet-to-disk solutions, nzdisk can run on commodity hardware using DNA-aware network adapters. Contrary to the common belief that packet-to-disk solutions are expensive and based on proprietary (i.e. non-pcap) dump formats, nzdisk demonstrates that this statement is no longer true making packet-to-disk a commodity activity.

For more information about nzdisk features and configuration options, please refer to the nzdisk home page and nzdisk User's Guide. Those who are looking for an affordable turn-key packet-to-disk solution, can instead have a look at the nBox recorder.





"Using n2disk for 10 Gbit line-rate packet-to-disk - http://t.co/Ux4BPSal " — lucaderi

"The difficulty shifts from traffic collection to traffic analysis. If you can store hundreds of gigabytes of traffic per day, how do you make sense of it?"

- Richard Bejtlich

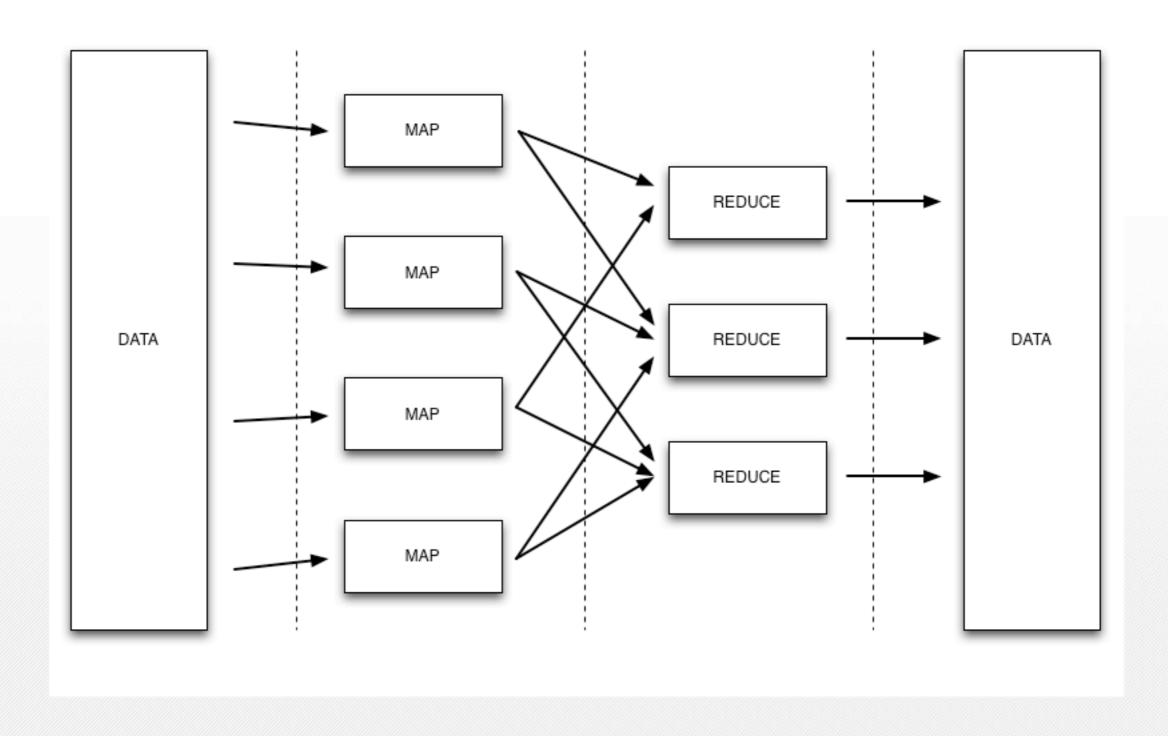
Big Data is a collection of data sets so large and complex that it becomes difficult to process using on-hand database management tools. The challenges include capture, curation, storage, search, sharing, analysis, and visualization.

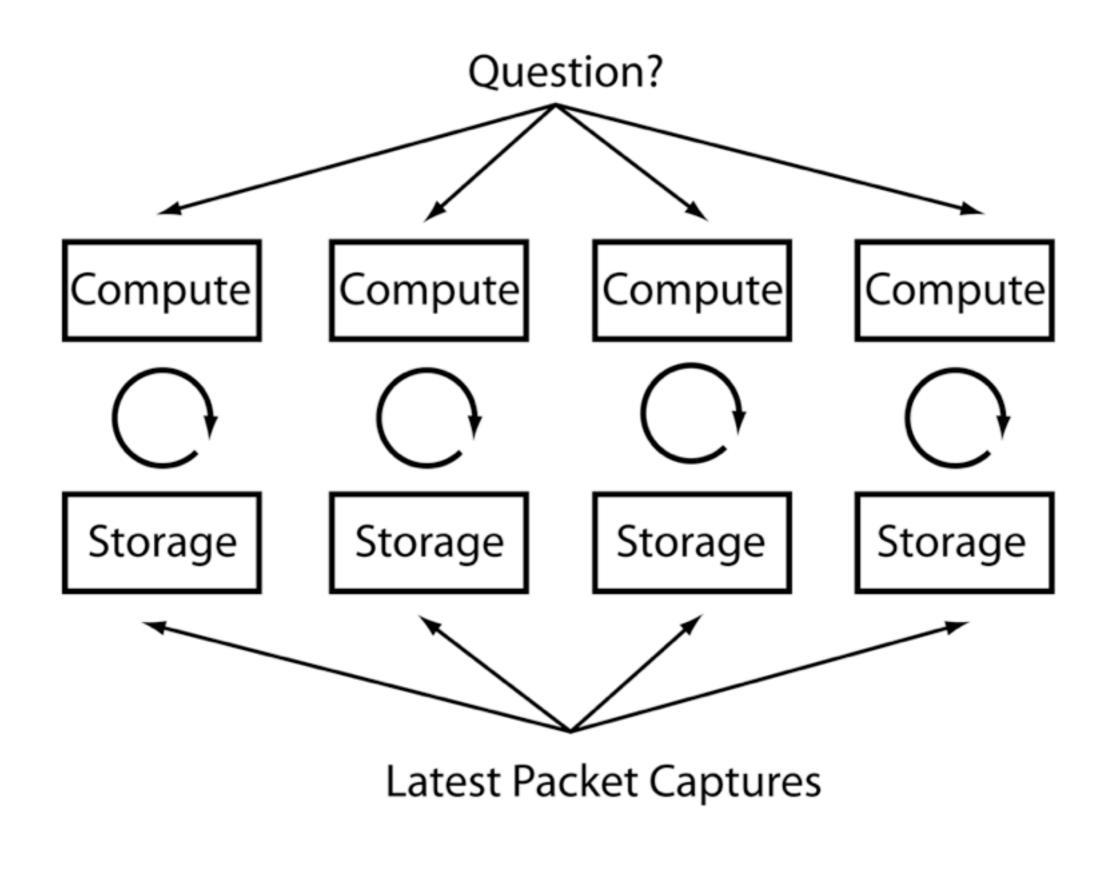
- Wikipedia

Big Data

- Oloud Elastic compute and Cheap Storage
- Map Reduce parallel computation
- Pig, Hive avoid writing M/R
- NoSQL Cassandra and Mongo

Map Reduce



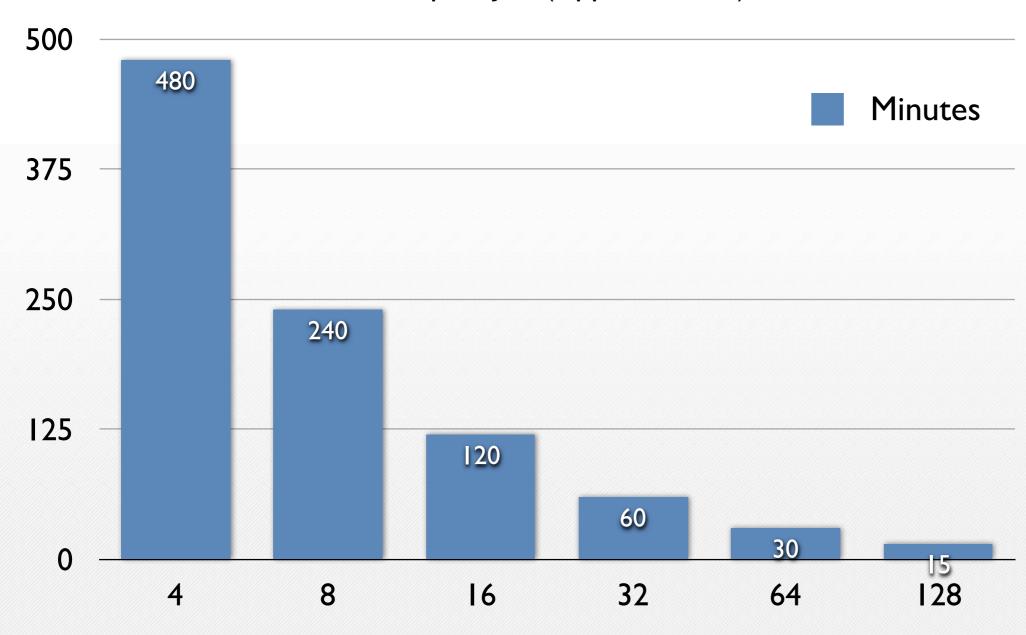


Big Data Scale

- I want to ask a 2.5TB question
 - Process 2.5TB, 8 hours, 4 Compute units.
 - Process 2.5TB, 4 hours, 8 Compute units.
 - Process 2.5TB, 2 hours, 16 Compute units.
 - Process 2.5TB, I hour, 32 Compute units.
 - Process 2.5 TB, 30 minutes, 64 Compute units.
 - Process 2.5 TB, 15 minutes, 128 Compute units.
- Scale my compute to answer my question.

Big Data Scale

Complex Job (Approx 2.5TB)



History

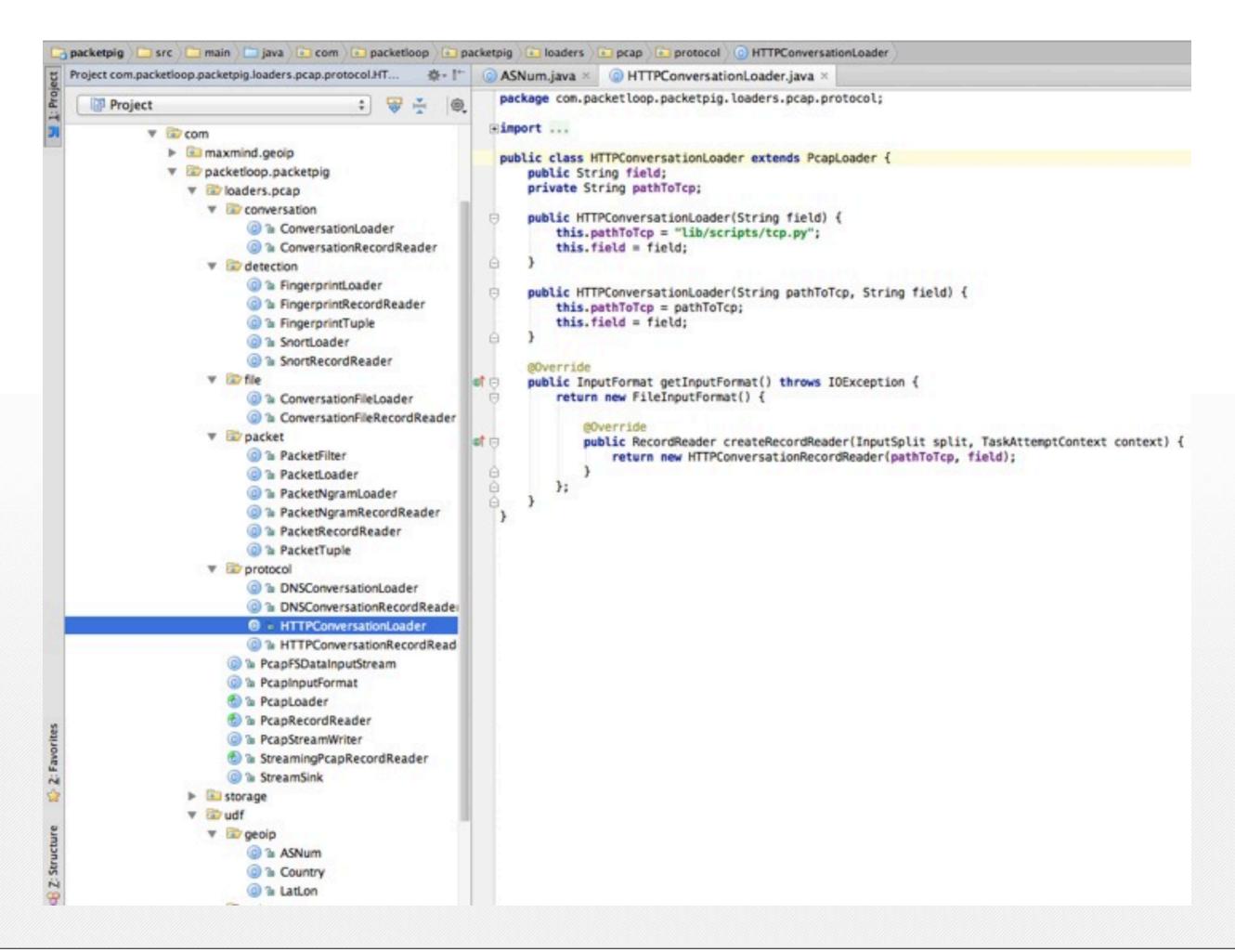
- Oogle Map Reduce Whitepaper (2004)
- Oogle File System Whitepaper (2003)
- Hadoop is an Apache Project for M/R (2007)
- Hadoop File System is a distributed file system for Hadoop nodes (2007)
- Pig is a data analysis language to ease the creation of Map / Reduce jobs that run on Hadoop Clusters (2008)

@packetpig

- ② @packetpig = Packets (FPC) + Pig
- Pig uses a data flow language called Pig Latin.
- Executes Map/Reduce Jobs over Hadoop Clusters.
- Works identically on-premise or in the cloud (Amazon's EMR)

Features

- Full access to IP packets at scale.
- Threat Analysis (Snort)
- Traffic Analysis.
- Flow-based deep packet inspection.
- Geo-Location
- Passive OS Detection (p0f)
- File Dissection





Worth a coffee JD?

- Motivation
- Time window
- Attacker
- Attack type
- Target
- Obfuscated
- Anonymised





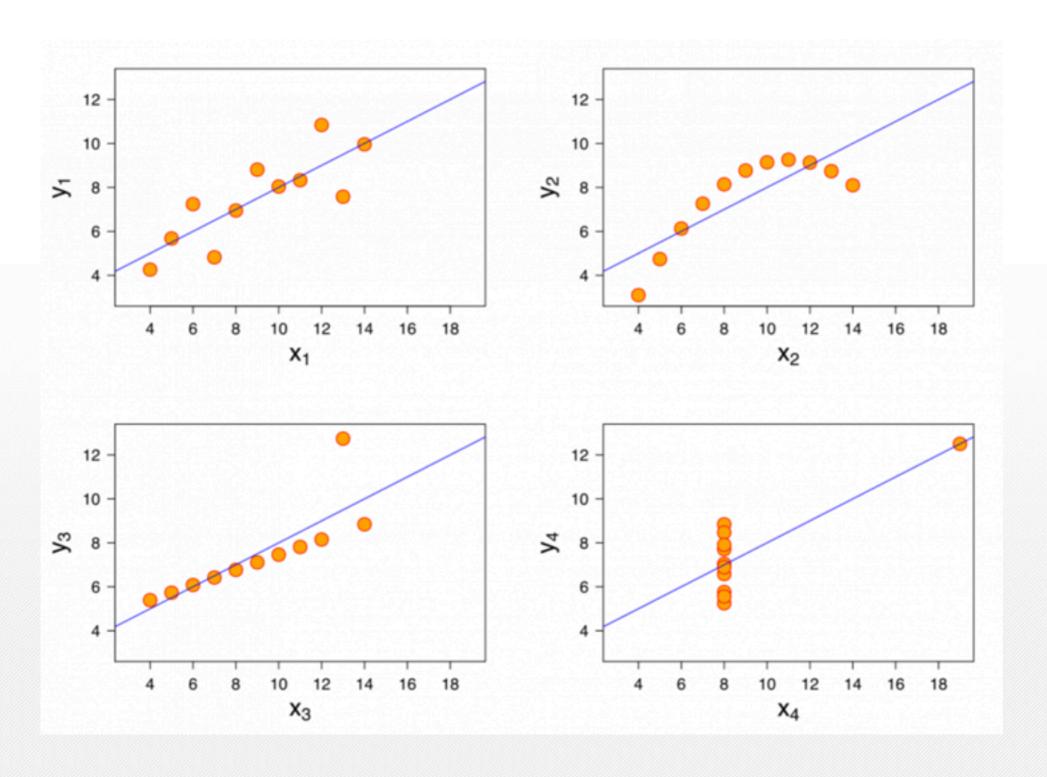


Anscombe's Quartet

		<u>[</u>]				IV	
×	у	X	у	X	у	X	у
0.0	8.04	10.0	9.14	10.0	7.46	8.0	6.58
8.0	6.95	8.0	8.14	8.0	6.77	8.0	5.76
13.0	7.58	13.0	8.74	13.0	12.74	8.0	7.71
9.0	8.81	9.0	8.77	9.0	7.11	8.0	8.84
11.0	8.33	11.0	9.26	11.0	7.81	8.0	8.47
14.0	9.96	14.0	8.10	14.0	8.84	8.0	7.04
6.0	7.24	6.0	6.13	6.0	6.08	8.0	5.25
4.0	4.26	4.0	3.10	4.0	5.39	19.0	12.50
12.0	10.84	12.0	9.13	12.0	8.15	8.0	5.56
7.0	4.82	7.0	7.26	7.0	6.42	8.0	7.91
5.0	5.68	5.0	4.74	5.0	5.73	8.0	6.89

Source: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Anscombe%27s_quartet

Anscombe's Quartet



Source: http://visual.ly/anscombes-quartet

Big Data Security Analytics

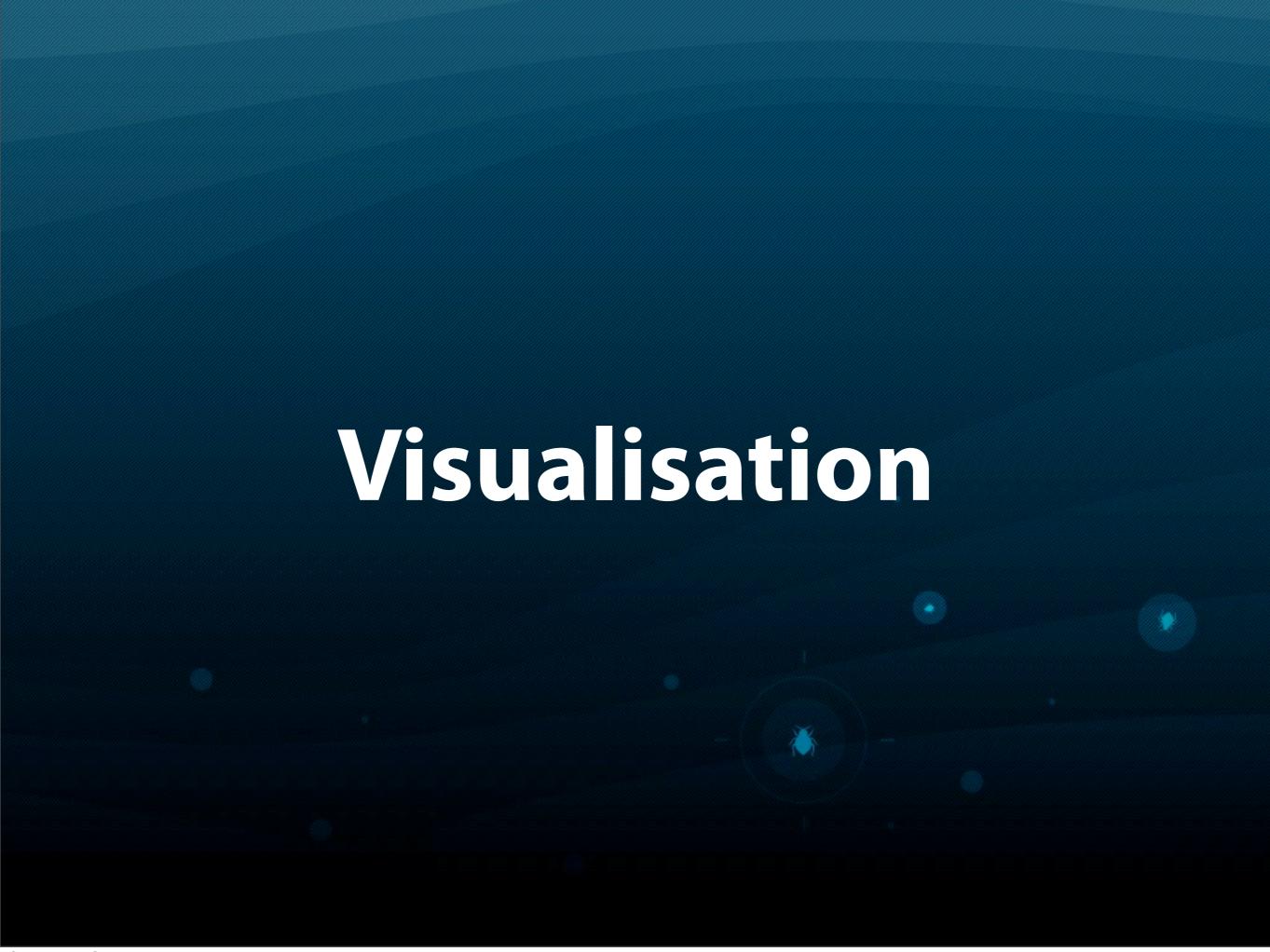
- Visualization
- Fidelity
- Interaction
- Outlier Detection
- Attacker Profiling
- Enrichment
- Transform

- Prediction and Probability
- Intelligence sharing
- Statistical Analysis
- >> Feature Extraction
- Machine Learning



Not SIEM

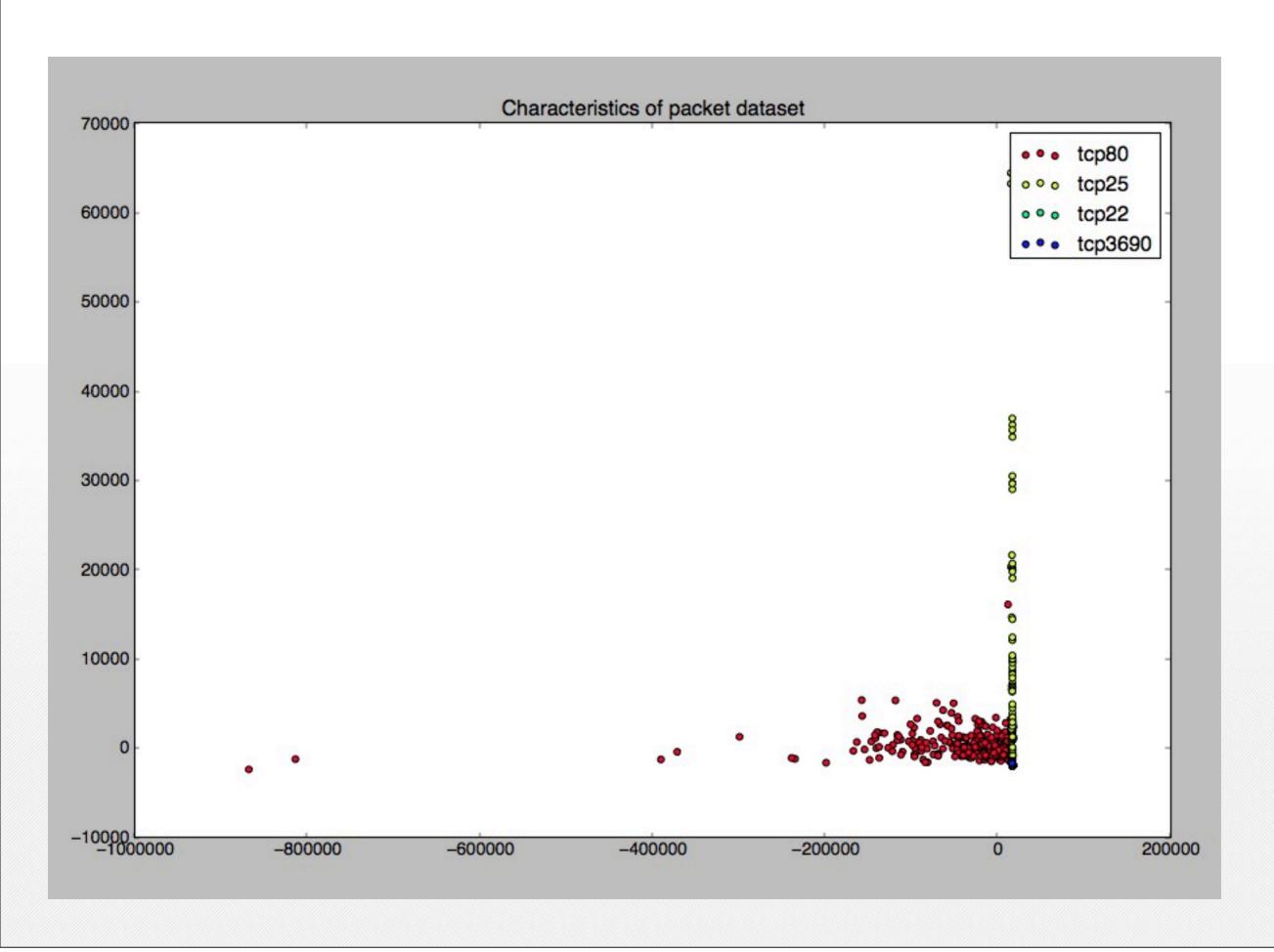
- Full Fidelity
- Explore and explain the data (evidence).
- Play, Pause and Rewind.
- Blink and you miss it technology.
- No aggregation.
- No parsers or complex integration.
- Clear intelligence.



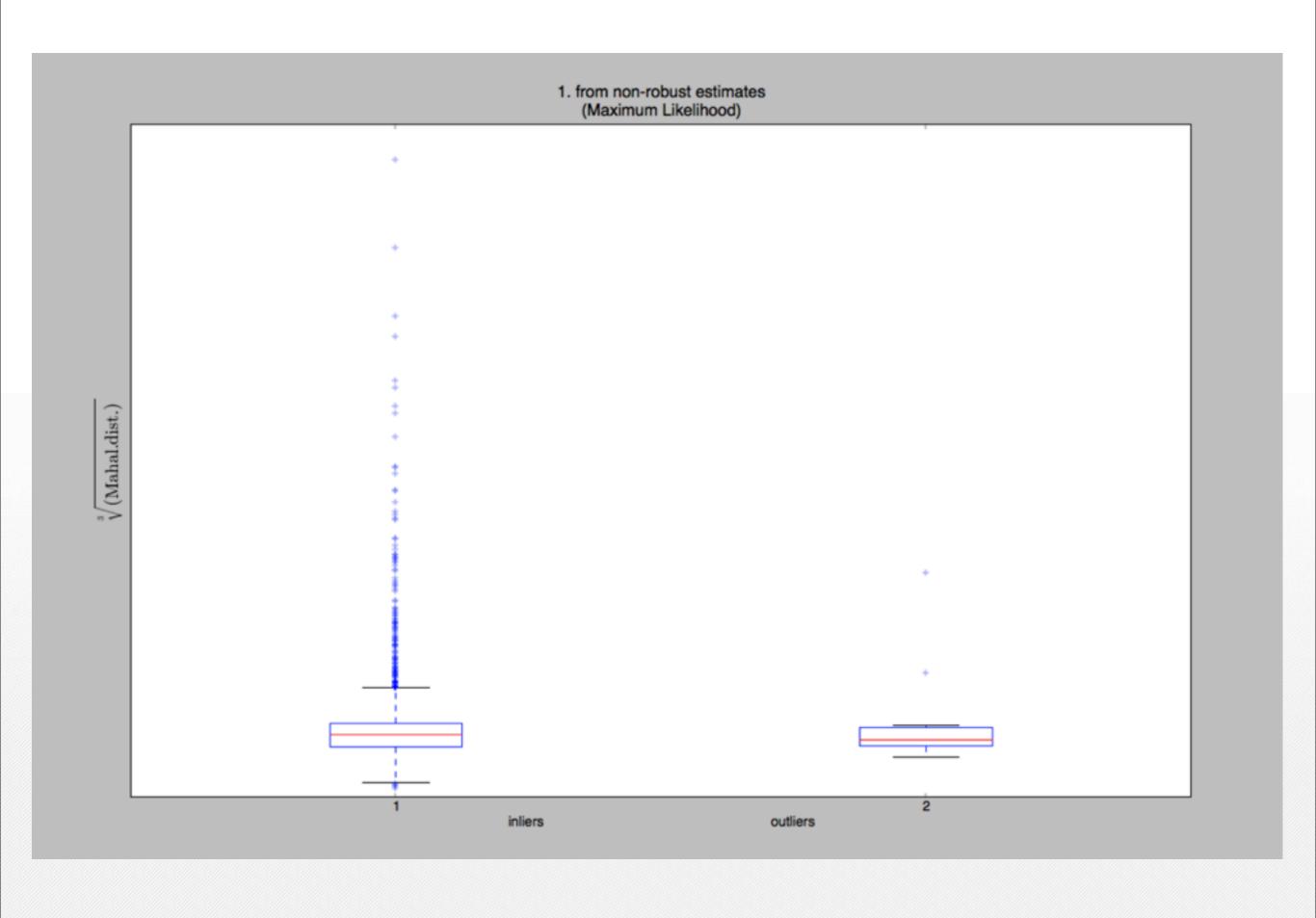
Full HD Play, Pause, Rewind



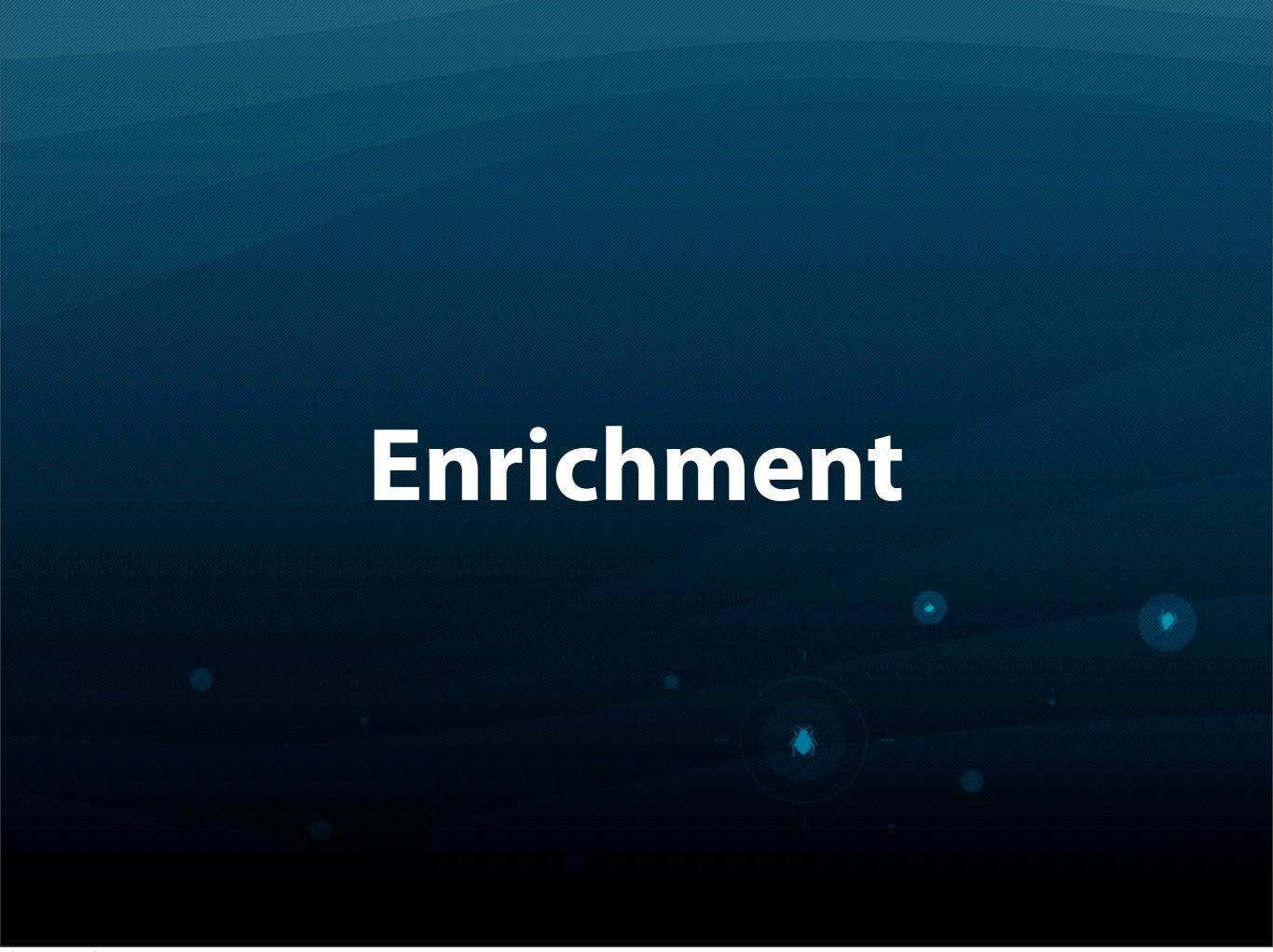








Entropy and Covert Channels











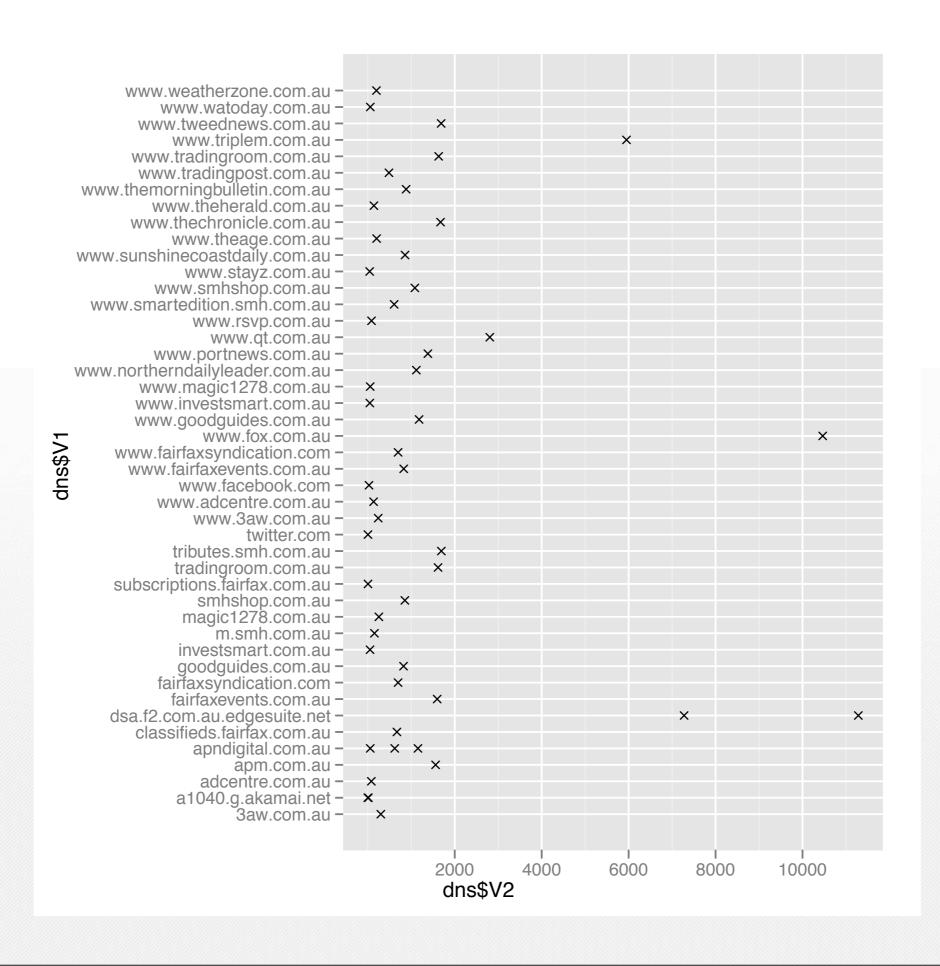
Network Graphs and Relationships



Indicators of Compromise

- OpenIOC and CyBOX
 - Open Indicators of Compromise (XML)
 - Objective to the second of the second of
- Fork a github repository
 - Execute Packetpig scripts that find bad things and visualise them











Questions?

@packetpig @packetloop

